

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claim 31, line 1: Delete ", 24 or 30".

36. (Amended.) An electro-optical display device of claim 20 [or 24,],
22, 24, 27, 28, 30 or 32 wherein said liquid crystal molecules have an orientation angle β_0 ,
 $0^\circ < \beta_0 < 90^\circ$.

Claim 64, line 2: Change "a" to -- one --.

Claim 65, line 1: Change "64" to -- 63 --.

Claim 68, line 2: Change "comprise" to -- constitute --.

Claim 81, line 1: Change " Claim 36" to -- Claim 37 -- .

CD 47 88. (Amended.) An electro-optical display device of claim ⁴⁶35, wherein
said α_0 and β_0 values impart to said image a small viewing angle dependence wherein the
variation of the degree of light transmission $(1-f_{\min}/f_{\max})$ [is, over all ϕ values, below] over
all values of ϕ is below about 0.57 when Θ is up to 45° .

REMARKS

A description of Figures 2a and 2b is added by the above amendments. The
remaining amendments merely correct typographical and grammatical errors.

Being filed herewith are the documents mentioned in the discussion of April 14, 1997,
including Exhibits 1-12, the Japanese and DDR references and Shimojo (misspelled in the
amendment of April 14, 1997). In Line 5 from the bottom of Page 14, of the latter
amendment, " a_0 " should, of course, be " α_0 ".

More Awards

Very recently, applicant has been made aware of four more awards for the invention
of this application. Three relate to the Hitachi display mentioned in the foregoing. See
Exhibit 13 which contains both the Japanese texts and English translations. The fourth award
is for Dr. Baur, the lead inventor of this application, from S.I.D. (to be awarded at the May,
1997 International Symposium, Seminar & Exhibition) "for pioneering contributions to the
understanding and development of LCDs, including the invention of the in-plane-switching
effect" (emphasis added). (See Exhibit 14.) Note that each award refers explicitly to CRT
comparability or the wide viewing angle characteristic, further emphasizing the breakthrough
nature of this invention.